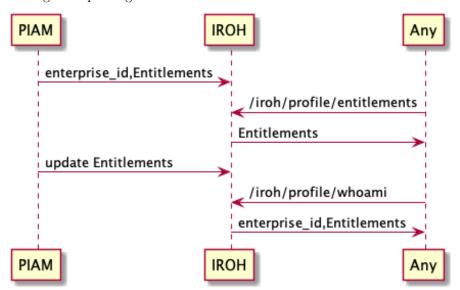
Cisco Notes

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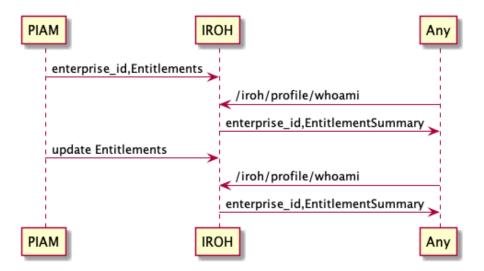
Entitlements (Monetization in IROH)

Intro

Entitlement represent what the customer is paying for. PIAM is in charge of creating and updating them.



IROH exposes an API to retrieve an EntitlementSummary which is a data structure easier to consume than the list of entitlements.



Entitlements

Here is an example of a list of Entitlements PIAM is send to IROH:

```
[{"name": "tier",
    "value": "essentials",
    "quantity": {"value": 32000, "unit": "users"},
    "enforce_quantity": true},
{"name": "extra_data_retention",
    "value": "",
    "quantity": {"value": 90, "unit": "days"},
    "enforce_quantity": true},
{"name": "extra_ingest",
    "value": "",
    "quantity": {"value": 10, "unit": "GB"},
    "enforce_quantity": true}
]
```

From Paul Chichonski's doc ¹:

entitlements: A list of entitlements the tenant is allowed to use. Each item in the list is an object with the following fields:

- name The name of the entitlement (defined as part of the entitlement controlled vocabulary between PIAM and the product)
- value Some entitlements will have a string value that serves to qualify the entitlement, for example an entitlement with name=tier may have three different manifestations if there are three different tiers (e.g., {"name": "tier", "value": "essentials"}, {"name": "tier", "value": "premier"}, {"name": "tier", "value": "advantage"})
 - quantity Some entitlements will have numeric quantity associated

 $^{^{1}} https://wwwin-github.cisco.com/cisco-sbgidm/docs/blob/master/provisioning/product-spec.md\\$

A few other examples

1. Just the tier, no addon:

[{"name" : "tier",

```
"title" : "advantage",
     "quantity" : {
          "value" : 10,
          "unit" : "users"
     },
     "enforce-quantity" : true
    }]
2. Tier with addons
  [ {"name" : "tier",
      "title" : "essentials",
     "quantity" : {
          "value" : 1,
          "unit" : "users"},
     "enforce-quantity" : true},
    {"name" : "extra_ingest",
      "quantity" : {
          "value" : 10,
          "unit" : "GB"},
     "enforce-quantity" : true},
    {"name" : "extra data retention",
      "quantity" : {
```

Entitlement Summary

"value" : 90,
"unit" : "days"

"enforce-quantity" : true}]

The Entitlement Summary goal is to provide an easier to consume data-structure to read the entitlements list.

with the entitlement, this represents the amount of this entitlement the tenant is permitted to consume. Each quantity field will contain an object with the following values:

^{*} value - The number holding the actual quantity.

^{*} unit - A string representing what unit to use when interpreting the quantity.

⁻ quantity_{enforced} - A boolean field, if true it means that the product should enforce the allocated quantity of the entitlement for this tenant. It is up to the product to determine how to do this. Cases where this will be false are if the customer purchased via a buying program that supports a "pay as you go" pricing model.

So instead of being a list it is a single JSON Object. We also plan to add additional technically useful entries.

The main structure of the EntitlementSummary is:

```
{<entitlement-name>: <entitlement-details>}
```

Where <entitlement-details> looks like:

```
{"title": "something", // <- optional
  "quantity": Integer,
  "unit": "human-readable-unit",
  "enforce?": Boolean}</pre>
```

A few examples

1. An EntitlementSummary for just a Tier Entitlement

When PIAM send this list of Entitlements:

```
[{"name" : "tier",
  "title" : "advantage",
  "quantity" : {
        "value" : 32000,
        "unit" : "users"},
  "enforce-quantity" : true}]
```

The EntitlementSummary will look like this:

2. With Addons

If PIAM send a list of Entitlements with addons:

```
[ {"name" : "tier",
    "title" : "premier",
    "quantity" : {
        "value" : 32000,
        "unit" : "users"
    },
    "enforce-quantity" : true},
    {"name" : "extra_ingest",
        "quantity" : {
            "value" : 10,
            "unit" : "GB"},
    "enforce-quantity" : true},
    {"name" : "extra_data_retention",
```

```
"quantity" : {
       "value" : 90,
       "unit" : "days"},
   "enforce-quantity" : true}
]
The EntitlementSummary will be:
{"tier":
     {"title": "premier",
      "quantity": 32000,
      "unit": "users",
      "enforce?": true},
 "extra_data_retention":
     {"quantity": 90,
      "unit": "days",
      "enforce?": true},
 "extra_ingest":
     {"quantity": 10,
      "unit": "GB",
      "enforce?": true}}
Now, compare how to retrieve the Entitlement Tier in javascript from the
entitlements list:
function get_entitlement_tier (entitlements) {
    for (entitlement in org.entitlements) {
        if (entitlement.name == "tier") {
            return entitlement.title;
```

As compared to the EntitlementSummary

let tier = whoami.org["entitlement-summary"].tier.title;

let tier = get_entitlement_tier (entitlements);

3. More to come

}

}

But we plan to add more technical specific values so it helps every Entitlement consumer. That way it would make possible to share between product specific technical values.

For example, we plan to add:

- a list of allowed modules.
- an optional list of additional scopes
- rate limits

If you want us to add some information, so we could centralize some logic related to entitlement into IROH just ask us to add it. Ideally, this should only contain data that could be shared between different modules. For example:

- allowed workflows, or allowed properties for workflows
- specific limitations for a specific module (read-only, etc...)

So we could imagine that it will look like this:

```
{"tier": {"title": "premier",
          "quantity": 32000,
          "unit": "users",
          "enforce?": true},
 "extra_data_retention": {"quantity": 90,
                          "unit": "days",
                          "enforce?": true},
 "extra_ingest": {"quantity": 10,
                  "unit": "GB",
                  "enforce?": true},
 // ---- SUMMARY OF TECHNICAL LIMITS
 "summary" {
     "data-retention-in-days": 180, // use extra_data_retention + default
     "data-maximal-size-in-GB": 20, // use extra_ingest + a default
     "additional-scopes": [ \dots ], // depends on the tier
     "allowed-modules": [ \dots ], // depends on the tier
     "restricted-workflows": [...], // depends on the tier (or something else)
     "rate-limits": // can change depending on the tier
         {"sca": {"queries-per-minutes": "100"},
          "sxo": {"queries-per-minutes": "80"},
          "csc": ...},
}
}
```

Today, there is not yet a summary field. But there will be for Q1 and monetization. So instead of letting everyone have an internal value for "default" everyone could look at these values, and the default will be kept in a single place and could be changed.